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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/764,289	01/19/2001	Hidetaka Fujita	500.39462X00	6362
75	590 03/28/2003			
Antonelli, Terry, Stout & Kraus, LLP			EXAMINER	
Suite 1800 1300 North Seventeenth Street			ROJAS, BERNARD	
Arlington, VA 22209			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2832	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

09/764,289 FUJITA ET AL.						
Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit						
Bernard Rojas 2832						
- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a repty be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for repty specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repty within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. If NO period for repty is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for repty will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any repty received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
 a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121. 						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)						

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The claims are generally narrative and indefinite, failing to conform with current U.S. practice. They appear to be a literal translation into English from a foreign document and are replete with grammatical and idiomatic errors. Such as "a toggle mechanism for operating to rotate..." [claim 1 line 7], "when said moving contact is in contact with said fixed contact..." [claim 2 line 4, is applicant referring to the impact force of the moving contact being brought into contact with said moving contact].

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kume in view of Kralik.

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Regarding claim 1, refer to figure 6. Kume teaches a circuit breaker comprising a power source side terminal member, a fixed contact, an opposing moving contact, a moving contact support, a coil [2] operatively connected to the moving contact, a load-side terminal member. An opening/closing mechanism including a toggle mechanism for rotating the moving contact support member so as to bring the moving contact into and out of contact with the fixed contact. A trip lever of a disengaging device [3] mounted on the yoke of the coil in the disengaging device that is separated from the fixed frame of the opening/closing mechanism.

Kume does not implicitly show the use of a fixed frame.

Kralik discloses the use of a fixed frame [70, 72, figure 7] in a circuit breaker to support the toggle mechanism.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the two teachings. Providing the circuit breaker of Kume with a fixed frame for the toggle mechanism would increase its strength/durability by providing solid support and decrease the amount of stress on the housing when the toggle mechanism is operated.

Regarding claim 2, the fixed frame is held by a case [Kralik figure 2] and yoke is held by a case. As suggested by Kume the frame and yoke are disposed at different positions such that the impact force generated by closing the breaker is transmitted to the case to prevent a mistrip.

Regarding claim 3, the fixed frame is supported by the case as shown by Kralik.

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Response to Amendment

Applicants arguments with respect to claims 1-3 have been considered but are moot in view of the amended claims now pending since they necessitate a new ground of rejection.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Harper teaches the use of a fixed frame to support the toggle mechanism and a yoke from the coil supporting the trip lever.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Bernard Rojas whose telephone number is (703) 305-3873. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7-4:30), every other Friday off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Elvin G. Enad can be reached on (703) 308-7619. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-7724 for regular communications and (703) 308-7724 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

Br

March 21, 2003

ELVIN ENAD

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800

3/24/03